## Age Related Expectations

## Year 3 - Maths

Key performance indicator (KPIs)

Number and place value
$\square$ Counts from 0 in multiples of four, eight, 50 and 100

- Can work out if a given number is greater or less than 10 or 100
$\square$ Recognises the place value of each digit in a three-digit number (hundreds, tens, and ones)
$\square$ Solves number problems and practical problems involving these ideas


## Addition and subtraction

Adds and subtracts numbers mentally including:
$\square$ a three-digit number and ones:
D a three-digit number and tens; and
a a three-digit number and hundreds.

## Multiplication and division

$\square$ Recalls and uses multiplication and division facts for the multiplication tables, three, four and eight;
$\square$ Writes and calculates mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables that are known including for two-digit numbers times one-digit numbers, using mental and progressing to formal written methods.

## Fractions (including decimals)

$\square$ Counts up and down in tenths; recognises that tenths arise from dividing an object into 10 equal parts and in dividing one-digit numbers or quantities by 10 ;

## Performance standard

## With reference to the KPIs

By the end of Y3, a child will be developing written and mental methods using the four operations including number facts and the concept of place value, and performing calculations with whole numbers A child can:
$\square$ solve a range of number and place value problems:
$\square$ compare different shapes with reference to its angles;
$\square$ use measuring instruments, making reference to their units of measure: I tell the time accurately;

- recall the majority of the multiplication tables:
$\square$ read and spell mathematical vocabulary correctly and confidently, using growing word reading knowledge and knowledge of spelling:
$\square$ read and write simple fractions and decimals.

Recognises, finds and writes fractions of a discrete set of objects: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators:
$\square$ Recognises and shows, using diagrams, equivalent fractions with small denominators.

## Measurement

$\square$ Measures, compares, adds and subtracts lengths ( $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{cm} / \mathrm{mm}$ ); mass ( $\mathrm{kg} / \mathrm{g}$ ); volume/capacity ( $1 / \mathrm{ml}$ );
$\square$ Adds and subtracts amounts of money to give change, using both $£$ and $p$ in practical contexts:

- Tells and writes the time from an analogue clock and 12 -hour and 24-hour clocks:
$\square$ Identifies right angles, recognises that two right angles make a half-turn, three make three quarters of a turn and four a complete turn; identifies whether angles are greater than or less than a right angle.


## Statistics

$\square$ Interprets and presents data using bar charts, pictograms and tables.

